MUUNGANO WA WANAVIJI





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Covid-19: Kenya today

61,971 tested

1,286 cases

52 deaths

402 recovered

*31 cases were not allocated counties

This map considers counties where cases were diagnosed.

Updated May 25, 2020 Source: Ministry of Health



www.nation.co.ke/coronavirus #NationNewsplex #covid_19

29 counties account for all cases*:

NAIROBI 622

MOMBASA 408

KAJIADO 52

KWALE 19

KIAMBU 25

MANDERA 18

WAJIR 16

MIGORI 14

BUSIA 12

KILIFI 11

SIAYA 9

NAKURU 8

TAITA TAVETA 8

GARISSA 5

KITUI 5

UASIN GISHU 5

MACHAKOS 3

BUNGOMA 2

HOMA BAY 2

MERU 2

BOMET 1

ISIOLO 2

KAKAMEGA 1

KIRINYAGA 1

KISII 1

MAKUENI 1

TRANS NZOIA 1

TURKANA 1

Confirmed cases

A TYPICAL KENYAN SLUM SETTLEMENT...1

- Often located in close proximity to places of employment and relative to city centers.
- Housing majority of the city's population (approx. 60% for Nairobi's case)
- Smaller housing units of approximately 9-10sq. Meter.
- •High average household size of up to 4 persons per house.
- ■Very high densities of up to 220 households per acre or 54,340 households per square Kilometer.

ATYPICAL KENYAN SLUM SETTLEMENT...1





Insufficient provision and access to services e.g. water and sanitation, health etc.

With an estimation of over 200 households sharing 1 shared water point/tap.

And over 20 households sharing one toilet seat.

RESPONSE TO COVID19 IN SLUM AREAS

Top-Down Approach.

Spearheaded by the government through Ministry of Health, county governments and a number of task committees at national level.

May have direct interventions to slum areas:

- Targeted mass testing.
- Imposed travel restrictions.
- Cessation of movements in areas considered as hotspots.
- Practices such as social distancing, wearing of masks.
- Imposed 7pm -5am curfew.
- Closure of schools.
- Quarantine of suspected cases.
- Identification of national and county level isolation centers.

Bottom-up Approach

Community's and grass-root organizations and CSO's leading in response. Through:

- Dissemination of information
- Generating information and awareness creation amongst residents.
- •Generating slum specific needs, priorities and ensures directed support.
- Active participation in various task committees established by government
- Provision of hand washing stations, masks, water, soaps and sanitizers
- Provision of food aid and cash transfers
- Personal protective equipment (PPE's)

HOW WE LEVERAGED ON MUUNGANO'S SOCIAL CAPITAL..1

Taking stock of Muungano (Slum Dwellers Federation) membership reflected of its diversity within settlements. The Federation consists of youths involved in community media, women who are in saving groups, women as community health volunteers, human rights defenders, community opinion leaders, etc.

Muungano decided to activate its membership to engage at their level in dealing with Covid 19. One important activity identified by Muungano was to conduct a daily monitoring of events regarding fight against Covid 19.

HOW WE LEVERAGED ON MUUNGANO'S SOCIAL CAPITAL...2

Initiated by Muungano wa Wanavijiji and supported by different partners- ARISE/PLAN International/Manchester university/SDI etc

Currently collecting data in over 120 slum settlements in 4 counties in Kenya.

Daily monitoring for the last 8 weeks using 2 sets of questionnaires:

- i. Gauge the level of community preparedness to deal with Covid19.
- ii. Identify actions/support, existing gaps and priorities for each community

Close to 15,000 interviews conducted so far across the 4 counties.

7 settlement-level reports produced and shared back to the community and other partners (weekly reports).

Information shared to government (task committees) and other support organizations (NGO's and Private, corporate etc)- <u>for targeted support.</u>

OUR RESPONSE FROM BELOW AND HOW WE HAVE LINKED WITH NATIONAL INTERVENTIONS.

Due to the organization's pronounced contribution in informal settlements and our relationships with Nairobi County Government we were invited to sit in the Ministry of Health (MOH) sub-committees.

Among our contributions in the sub-committee have been:-

- To share Muungano informal settlements profiling data,
- Computation of required hand washing facilities per settlement based on existing population,
- Sharing of weekly monitoring and evaluation reports informed by local communities' feedback regarding COVID 19 and
- Provision of maps indicating possible isolation areas.

IMPACTS ON WOMEN, YOUTHS, ELDERLY, DISABLED ETC. IN SLUMS.

Loss of livelihoods – majority depends on daily incomes from small businesses and employments which are greatly affected.

Difficulty in obeying the governments directives (eg 7pm.-5am curfew – with shared toilets outside the dwellings; social distancing – with smaller housing units and high densities; self-isolations – with lack of basic needs etc.)

Increased demand for water resource and food across the slum population.

WHAT WE ARE LEARNING FROM COVID 19 RESPONSES – LEVERAGING FROM COMMUNITY ORGANIZING.

Settlements with stronger CBO's continued to benefit as others we still figuring what needed to be done. Some examples included Kibra, Mukuru Kwa Njenga, Korogocho and Mathare. Through:

- Assisted in sharing information regarding covid 19.
- Fundraised and contributed small amounts to set up water stations, soaps and sanitizers.
- Distributed food to the most vulnerable members of their community (the elderly, sick, and very poor members of the community).
- Asked for collection of garbage and improved provision/supply of water to their settlements from the government.
- Solidarity groups private, individuals, collective responses to take care of the vulnerable.

Frontline defenders – (CHV's and Young Men and Women in Community Organization Groups) providing essential services – such as garbage collection to unblock paths, roads, drainages.

Some savings groups used their savings in Mathare to fumigate their neighbourhood.

Some of the saving schemes contributed fro their savings to buy food stuff and distributed to vulnerable community members.

CAPACITY NEEDS AND SUPPORT

Government should support initiatives by different communities through grass-root organizations and partners with community level strengths.

Capacity support must be considered to those Women and Men in the front – Community Health Workers, Care Givers, Garbage Collectors, Psycosocial Support Groups, Community Leaders etc.

The support to include livelihood, leadership, health and wellbeing and psycosocial support.

REFERENCES.

https://www.muungano.net/browseblogs/2020/5/23/23-may-2020-coronavirus-situation-tracker-for-kenyan-informal-settlements

Images by Muungano wa Wanavijiji – Know Your City Tv



THE END Thanks.